Physics for Chemists

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	NATURAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	CHEMISTRY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	PH111	SEMESTER 1 st		
COURSE TITLE	PHYSICS FO	R CHEMISTS		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		TEACHING HOURS PER WEEK	ECTS CREDITS	
		Lectures	4	5
	Seminars		1	
Laboratory work			-	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	General Back	ground		
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses.			
	The required knowledge of Advance Mathematics (Vectors- Derivatives-Integrals) will be developed during the courses <u>in the</u> <u>case where they have not been covered (temporally)</u> by the corresponding course of Mathematics that is taught also in the first semester.			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek. Teaching may be however performed in English in case foreign students attend the course.			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

At the end of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Understand the fundamental principles of Physics.
- 2. Apply these principles in the fields of Chemistry.

Comprehend the operation of optical and electric/electronic instruments that he uses.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the Project planning and management

use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender
Working independently	issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

At the end of the course the student will have further developed the following skills/competences:

- 1. Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories relating to Physics.
- 2. Ability to safely handle appliances and instruments of measurement/ diagnosis.
- 3. Ability to adopt and apply methodology for the solution of unfamiliar problems.
- 4. Ability to interact with others on inter or multidisciplinary problems.

Generally, by the end of this course the student will, furthermore, have develop the following general abilities (from the list above):

Production of new research ideas

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

Respect to natural environment

3. SYLLABUS

OPTICS: Nature of light and laws of Geometric Optics. Image Formation. Interference of light waves. Diffraction and Polarization.

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM: Electric Fields. Gauss's Law. Electric Potential. Capacitance and Dielectrics. Current and Resistance. Direct Current Circuits. Magnetic Fields. Sources of the magnetic field. Faraday's Law. Alternative Current Circuits. Electromagnetic Waves.

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Lectures and seminars face to face.		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Lectures using transparencies, PowerPoint pres	sentations and	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	munmeura.		
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in	Activity	Semester workload	
detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Lectures (4 contact hours per week x 13 weeks)	52	
	Seminars (1 contact hour per week x 13weeks) - solving of representative problems	13	
	Final examination (3 contact hours)	3	
	Hours of private study of the student for the preparation of the Final Examination	57	
	Course total	125	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Final written examination. Greek grading scale: 1 to passing grade: 5.	o 10. Minimum	
Description of the evaluation procedure			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report,			

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. R.A. Serway, "Physics for Scientists and Engineers", 3rd edition, Vol. II: Electricity and Magnetism, Vol. III: Thermodymics-Waves-Optics, Translation: L. Resvanis, Bookshop G. Korfiati, 1990.
- 2. H.D. Young, "University Physics", Vol. II: Electromagnetism-Optics-Modern Physics, Translation: E. Anastasakis, S.D.P. Vlassopoulos, E. Dris, et all, Papazisis Publications, 1994.
- 3. D. Halliday, R. Resnick, K.S. Krane, "Physics", Vol.: II, Translation: G. Pneumatikos, G. Peponidis, Scientific & Technological Publications Pneumatikos G.A., 2009.